2012 FEDERATION CLASSROOM TEST THREE

Please answer each question true or false

1._____ With eight exceptions, the batter must keep at least one foot in the batter's box throughout his time at bat.

2._____ The instant an improper batter is legalized, the batting order picks up with the name following that of the legalized improper batter.

3._____ Only the defensive team may appeal batting out of order after the batter has completed his time at bat.

4._____ If a whole bat is thrown and interferes with a defensive player attempting to make a play, only the batter may be called out.

5._____ An out for batting out of order supersedes an out by the improper batter on a play.

6._____ A batter shall be called out if he hits the ball fair or foul with his foot touching any part of the batter's box lines.

7._____ PLAY: With a runner on first and the pitcher on the pitcher's plate, in position to pitch, the batter steps from one batter's box to the other. As the batter steps across home plate, the runner takes off for second. The pitcher's throw to second is late. RULING: The runner remains at second, but the batter is called out,

8._____ The defense may take the penalty or play on any ball hit with an illegal bat.

9._____ PLAY: The third base coach tries to avoid the third baseman fielding a popup in foul territory. However, he unable to get out of the way and interferes with the third baseman who drops the ball. RULING: If the umpire judges the coach did not intentionally interfere, the ball is dead and the batter continues his at bat.

10._____ The penalty for batting out of order is that the proper batter is called out.

11._____ If the catcher obstructs the batter, unless the batter and all runners advance at least one base, the offensive team has the choice of taking either the result of the play or the penalty

12._____ Any runner who misses a base while advancing may not return to touch it after a following runner has scored.

13._____ Runners may not advance during a live-ball appeal play.

14._____ An appeal must be honored even if the base missed was before or after an award.

(over)

15._____ A runner who touches a base that was missed (either in advancing or returning) the last time he was by the base, corrects any previous base running infraction.

16._____ PLAY: The left fielder catches a foul ball near the out of play line. His momentum takes him one step over the line and into dead ball territory. RULING: Since the fielder stepped into dead ball territory, the ball cannot be caught for an out.

17._____ The illegal use of detached player equipment causes the ball to become dead immediately.

18._____ If a batter interferes with the catcher's attempt to field the ball after a third strike, he is out whether the interference is intentional or not.

19._____ Umpires are no longer required to conduct pregame bat and helmet inspection.

20._____ By rule, umpires can report unsportsmanlike actions by coaches and players after the game has ended.

21._____ The only judgment call that can be overturned, by rule, is when the plate umpire asks the base umpire for help on a half-swing that was originally called a ball.

22._____ The senior umpire, and not the plate umpire, has the authority to call the game if conditions become unfit for play.

23._____ By rule, the only time the lights can be turned on is at the beginning of an inning.

24._____ The plate umpire, and not the base umpire, has the authority to prohibit a player who exhibits signs of a concussion from returning to play until cleared by a health-care professional.

25._____ The time fame for correcting a scorekeeping error is the same as that for protesting a game.